



**MRC-HPA Centre for Environment and Health**  
**Imperial College**  
**London**

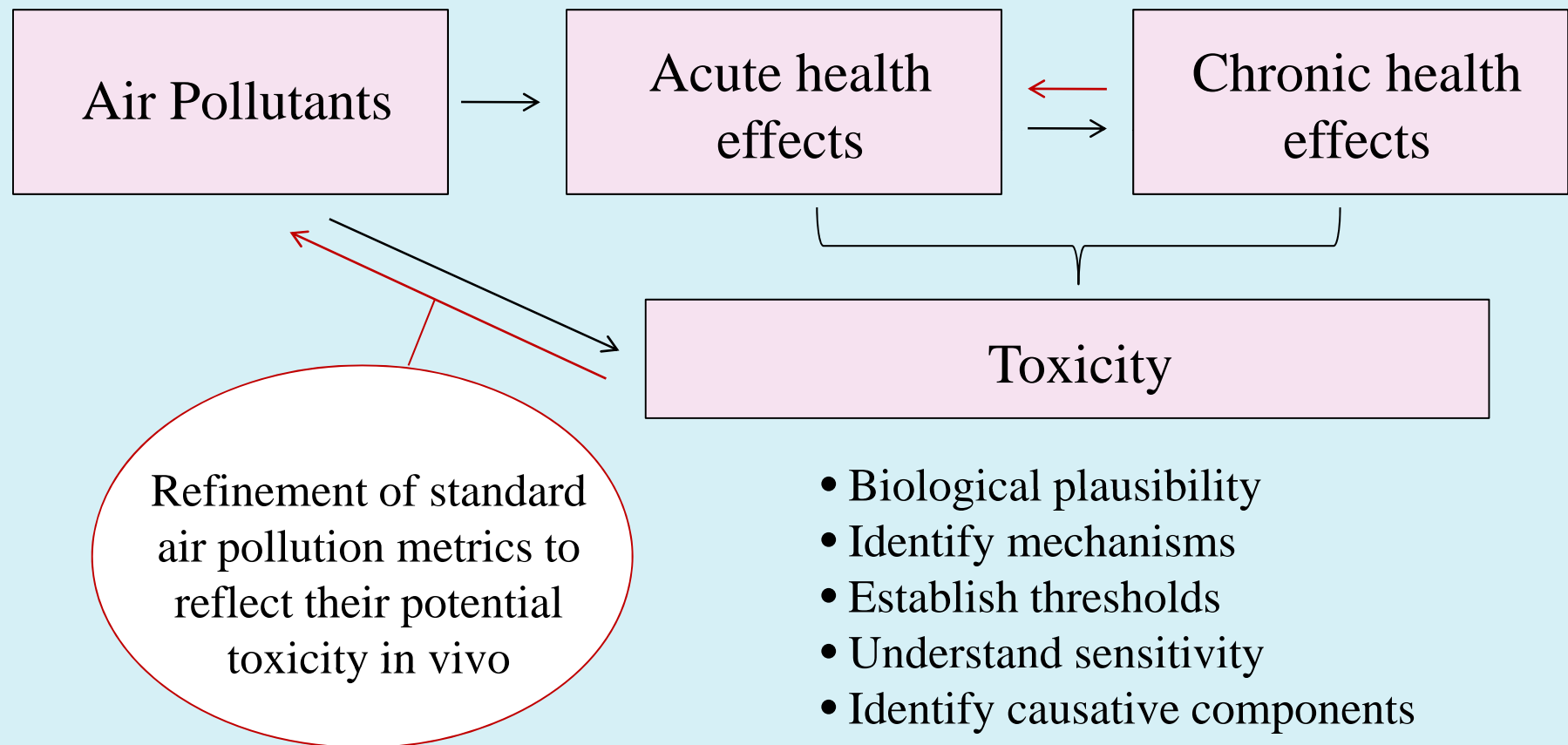


# **The London specific component of $PM_{10}$ toxicity**

Ian Mudway, King's College London

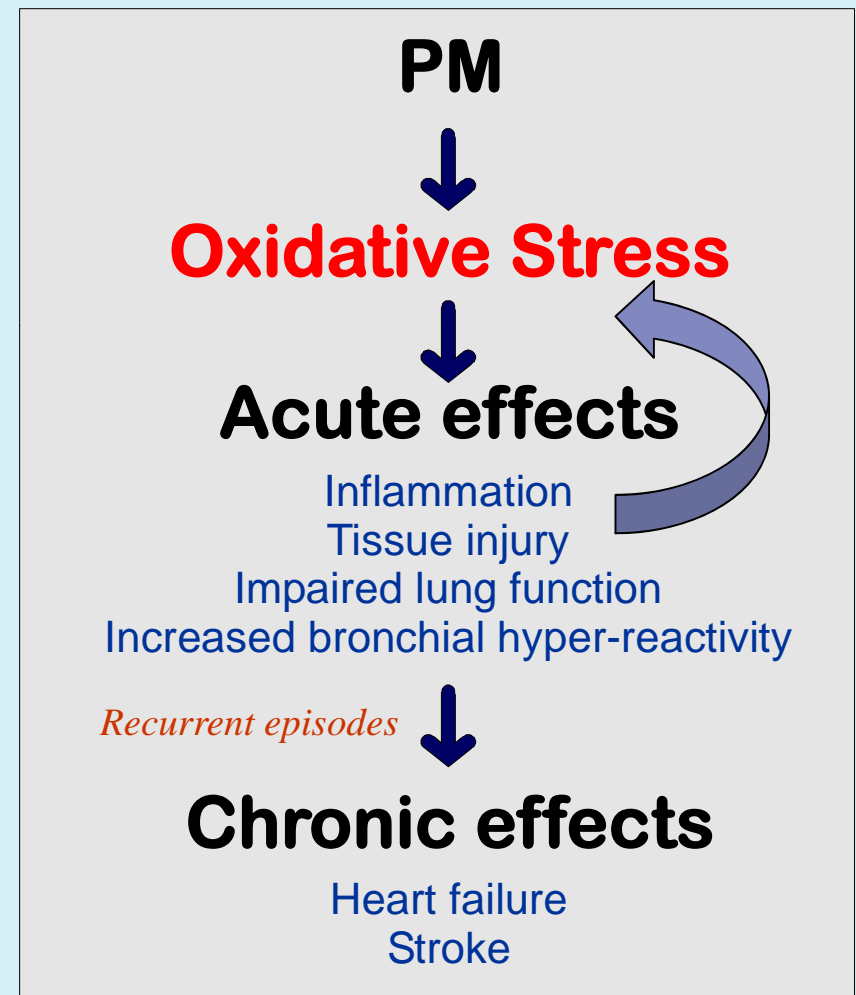
[ian.mudway@kcl.ac.uk](mailto:ian.mudway@kcl.ac.uk)

# What do we mean by the London (urban) specific (informative) component (s) of PM<sub>10</sub> “toxicity”?



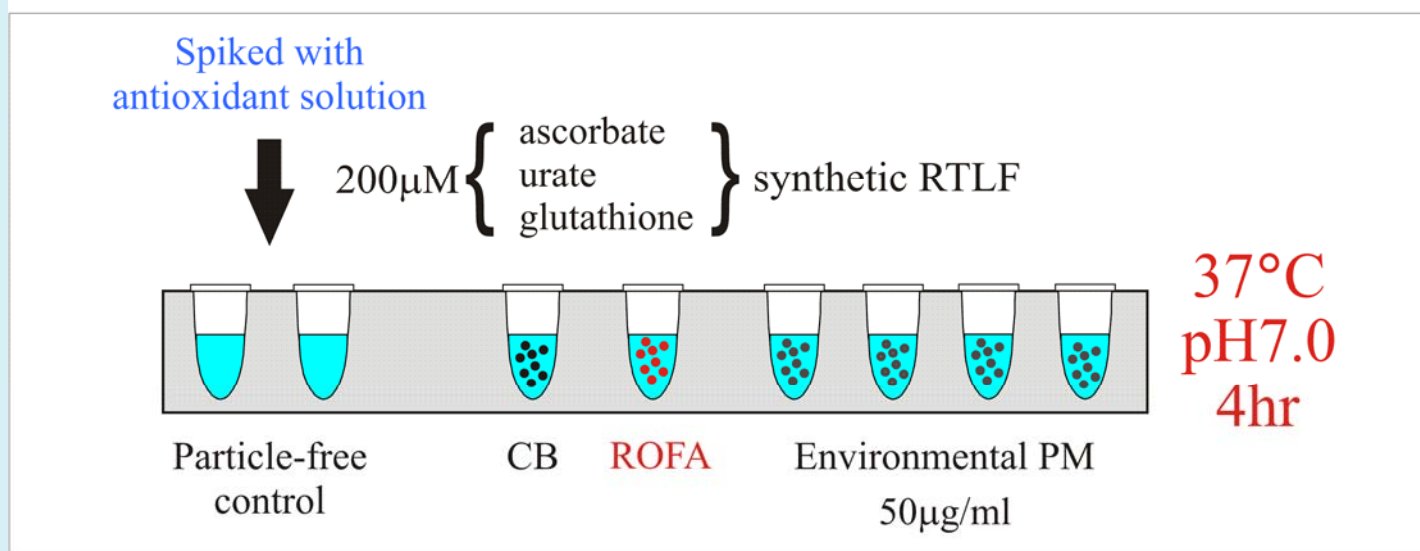
# Aims

1. Review the mechanisms by which inhaled PM cause injury to the lung
2. Outline the development of a toxicologically '*informative*' PM metric
3. Provide information of the spatial temporal variation of this metric in London and attempt to quantify the city-specific component
4. Somehow provide a link to NO<sub>2</sub> and biomass derived PM



# How to screen environmental PM for their capacity to cause oxidative stress?

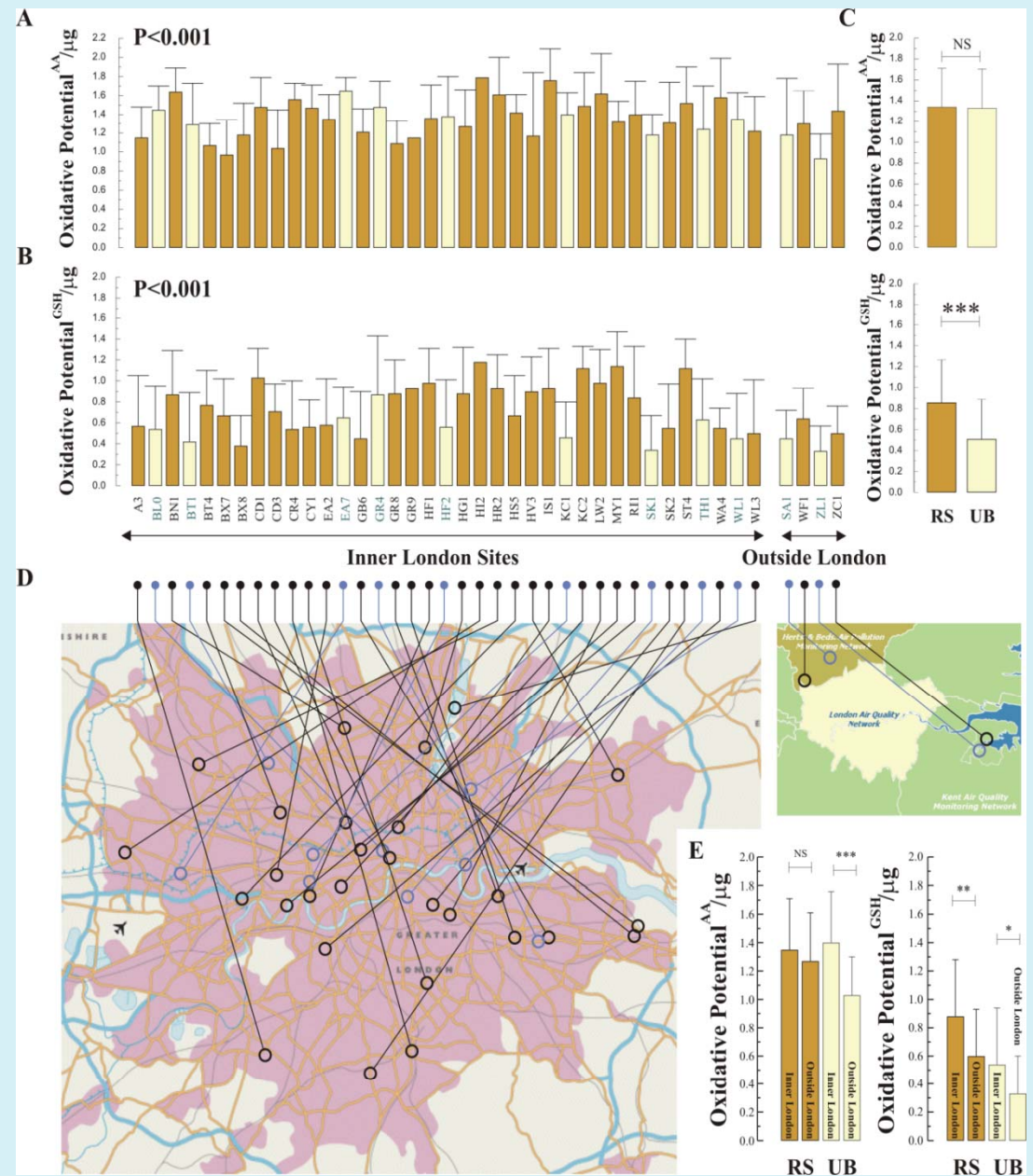
## Exposure model



## Analysis

Asorbate & urate: HPLC-ECD  
GSH & GSSG: GSSG-reductase recycling assay

# How does PM<sub>10</sub> oxidative potential vary across London?



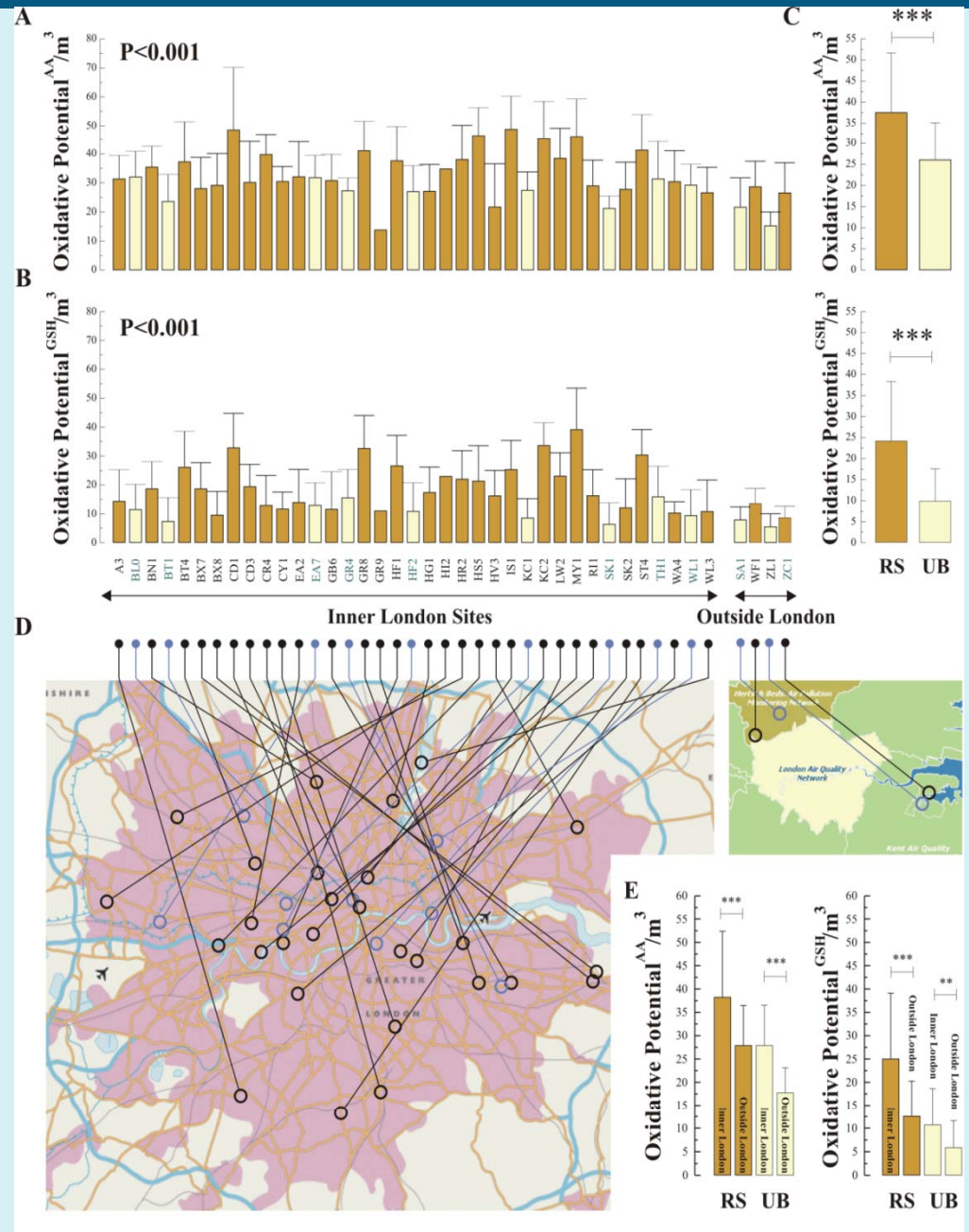


# How does PM<sub>10</sub> oxidative potential vary across London?

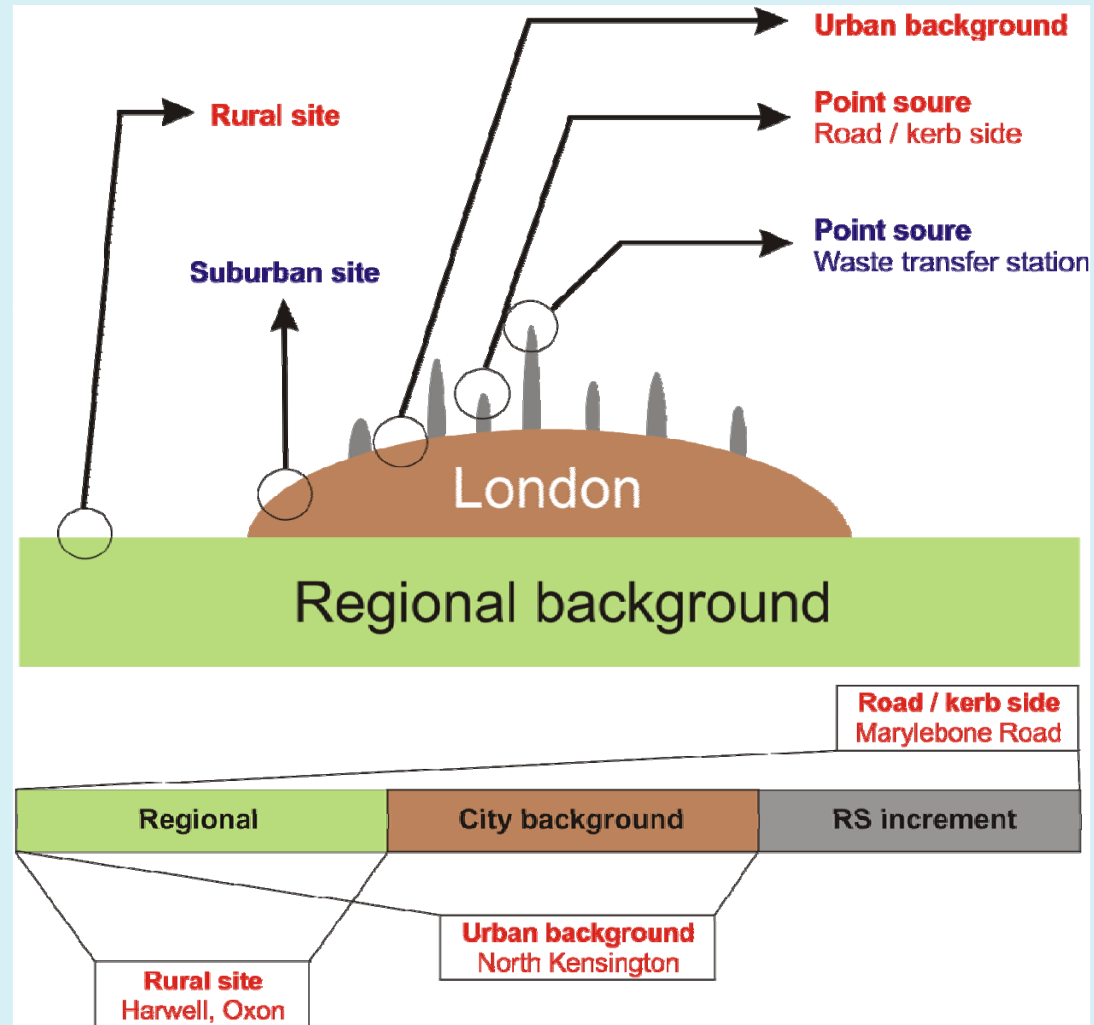
Clear roadside increment in OP<sup>GSH</sup>, but not OP<sup>AA</sup> when expressed per unit mass

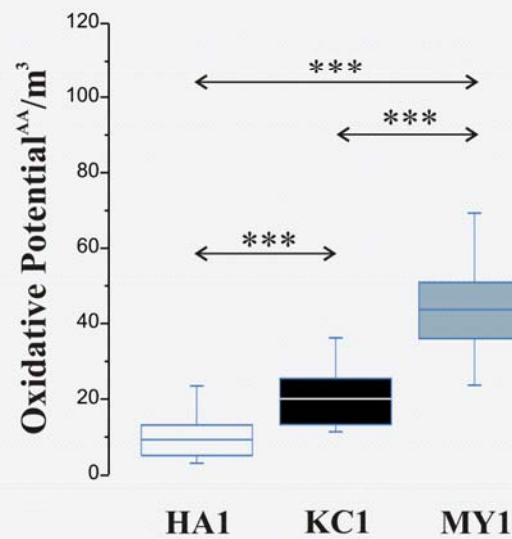
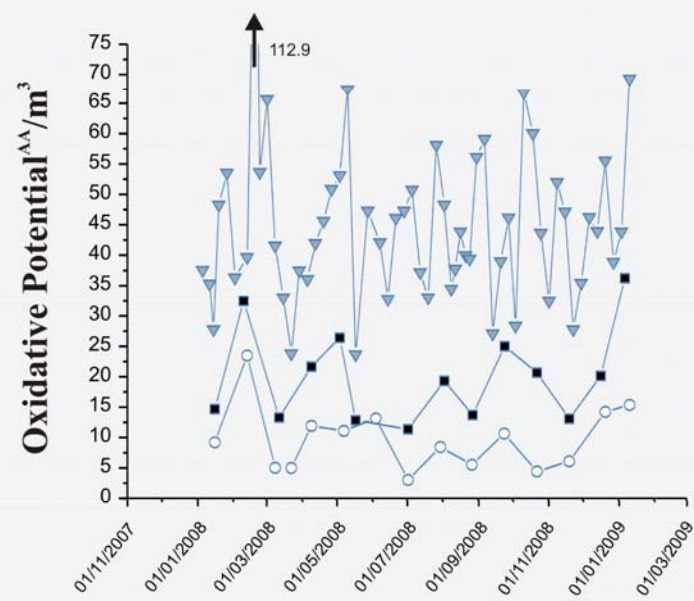
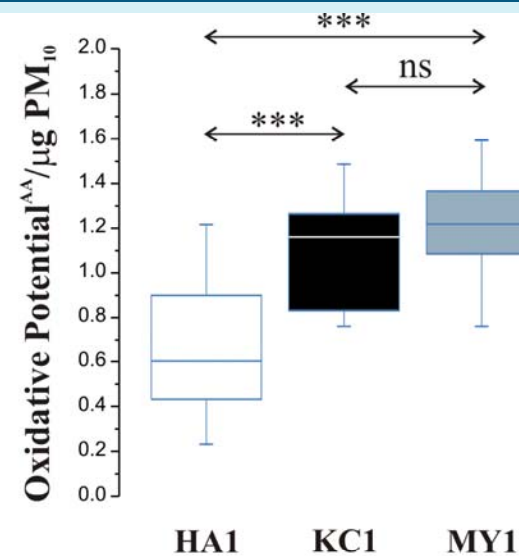
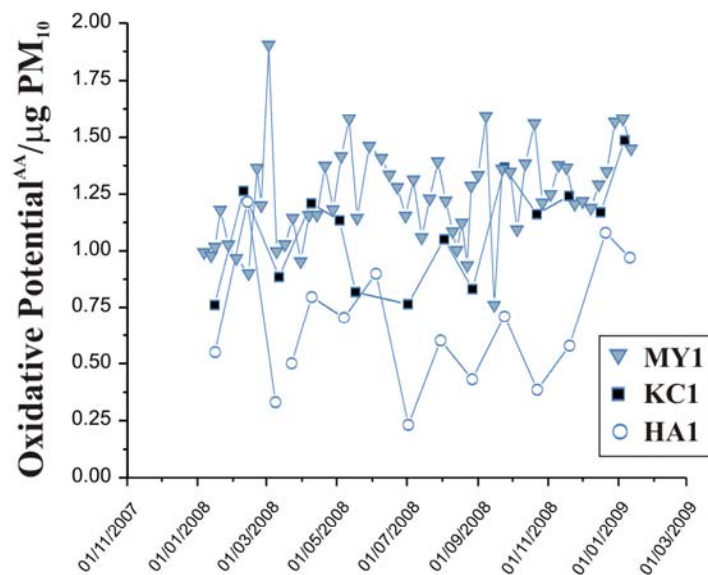
Some evidence of an enhanced London background relative to suburban locations

Clear variation at background sites

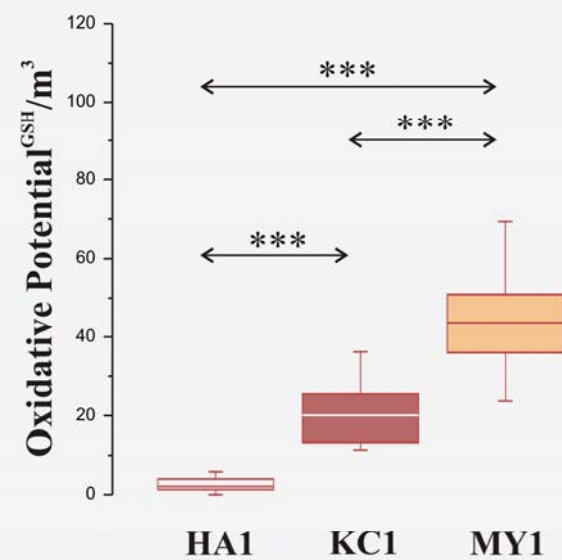
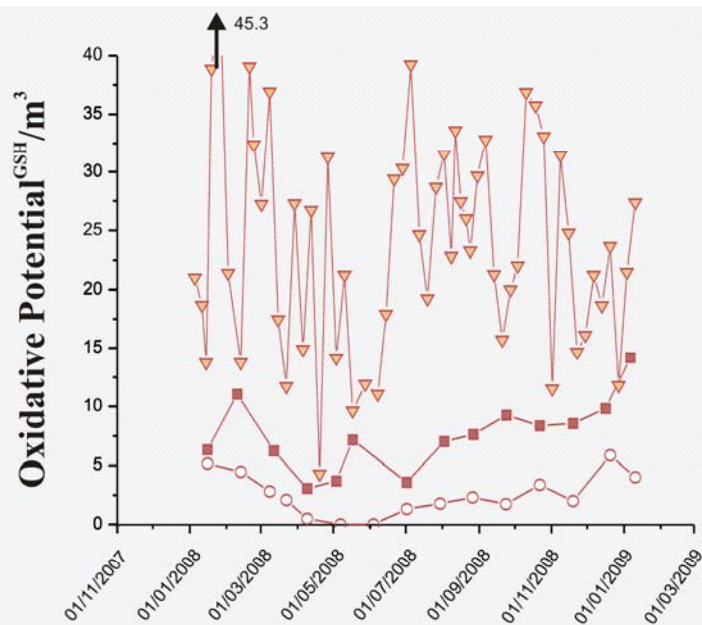
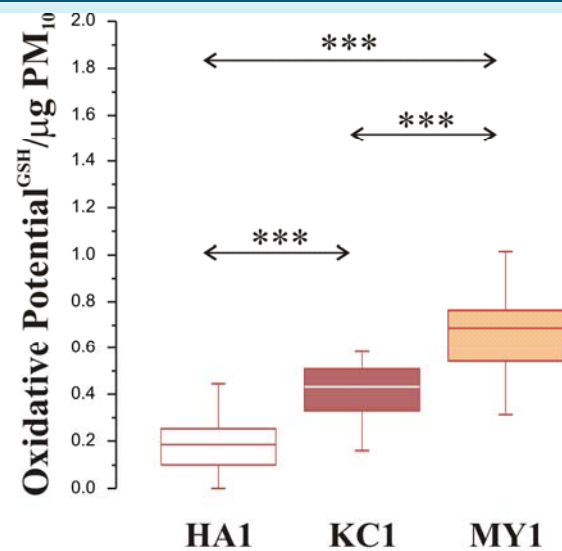
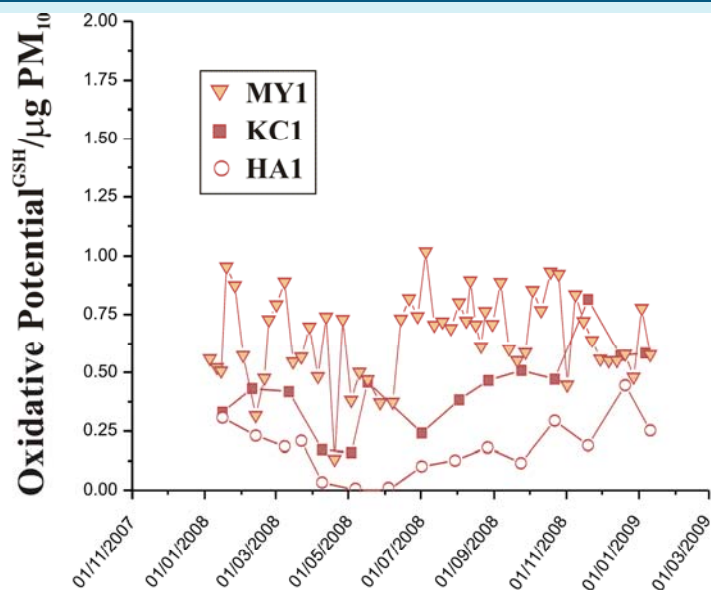


# Refining our understanding of urban $\text{PM}_{10}$ oxidative potential – the Lenchow approach

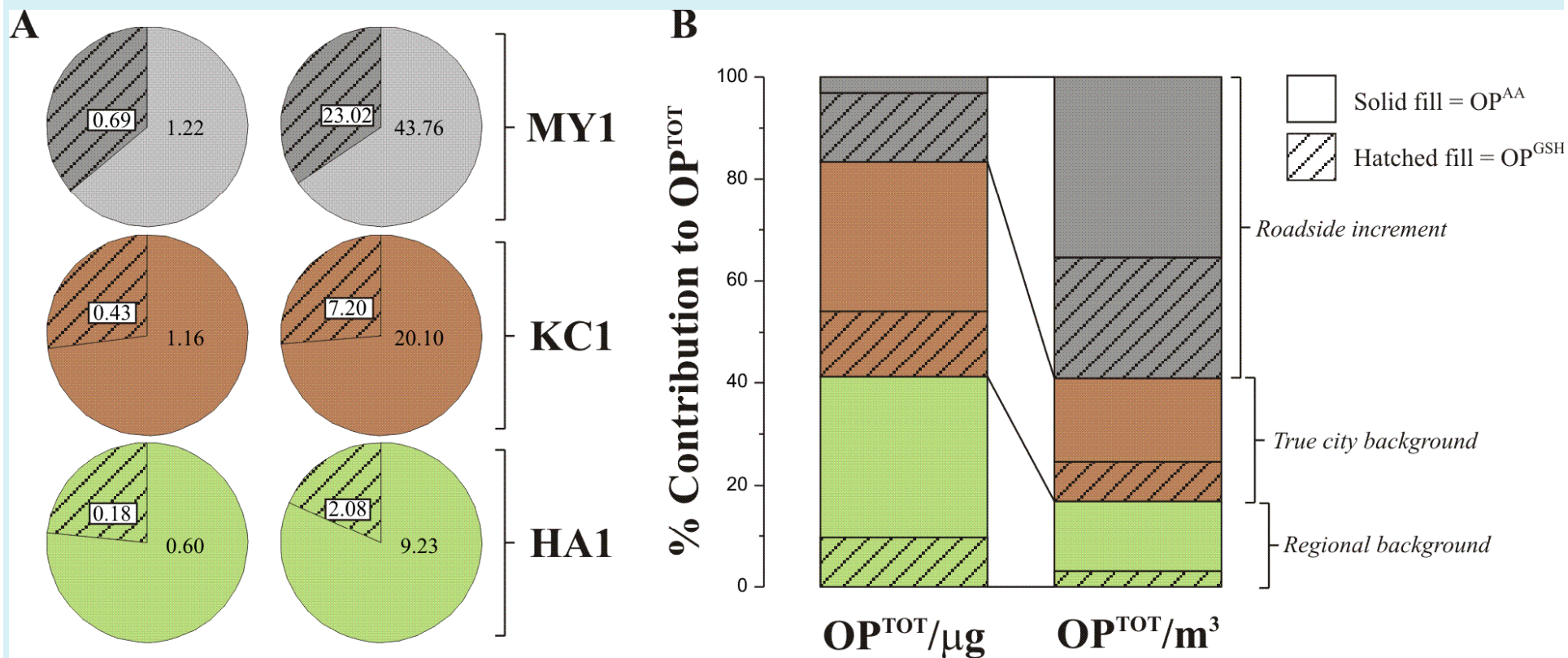




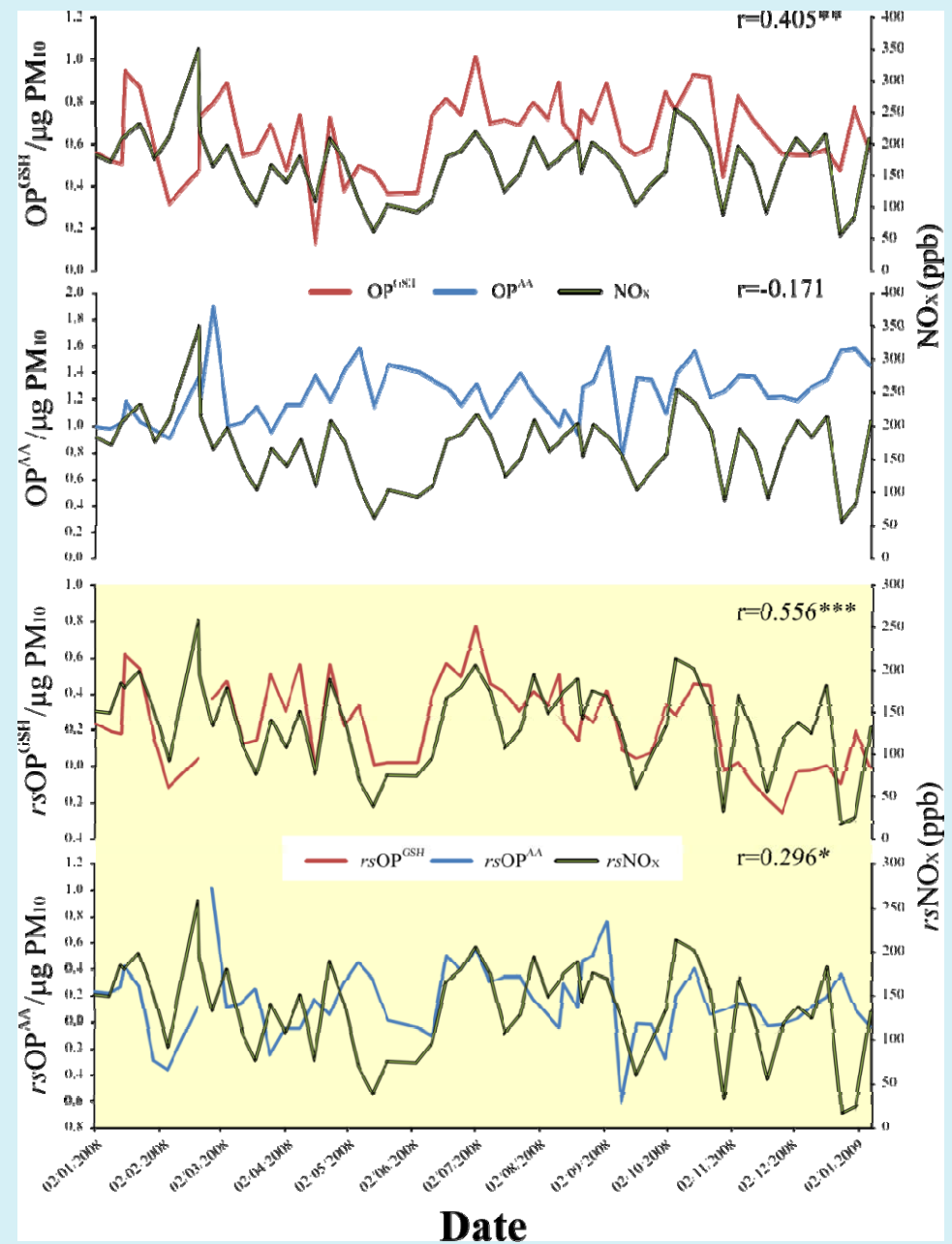




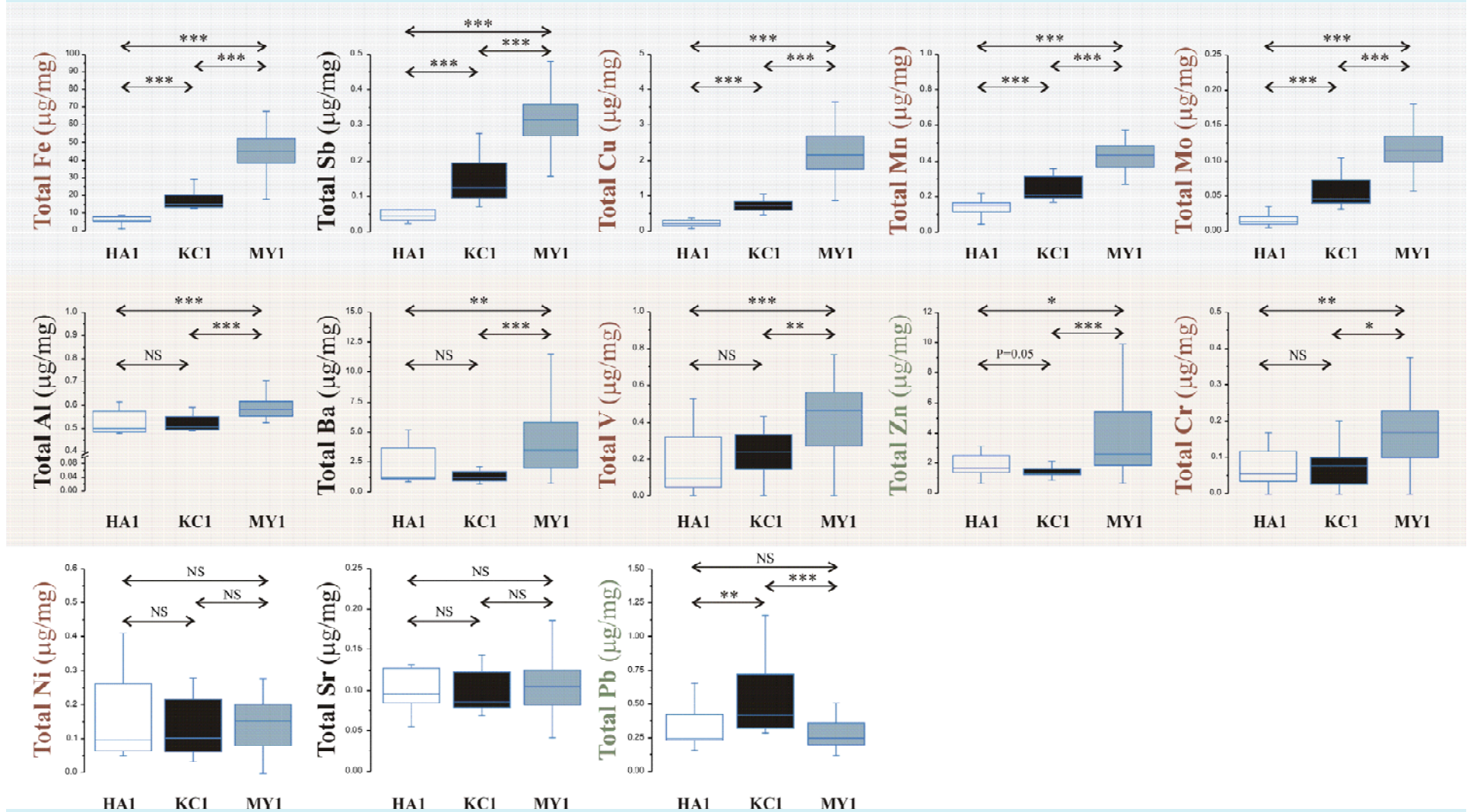
# Urban 'total' oxidative potential



# Relationship between OP and NO<sub>x</sub> (total and RS) at MY1



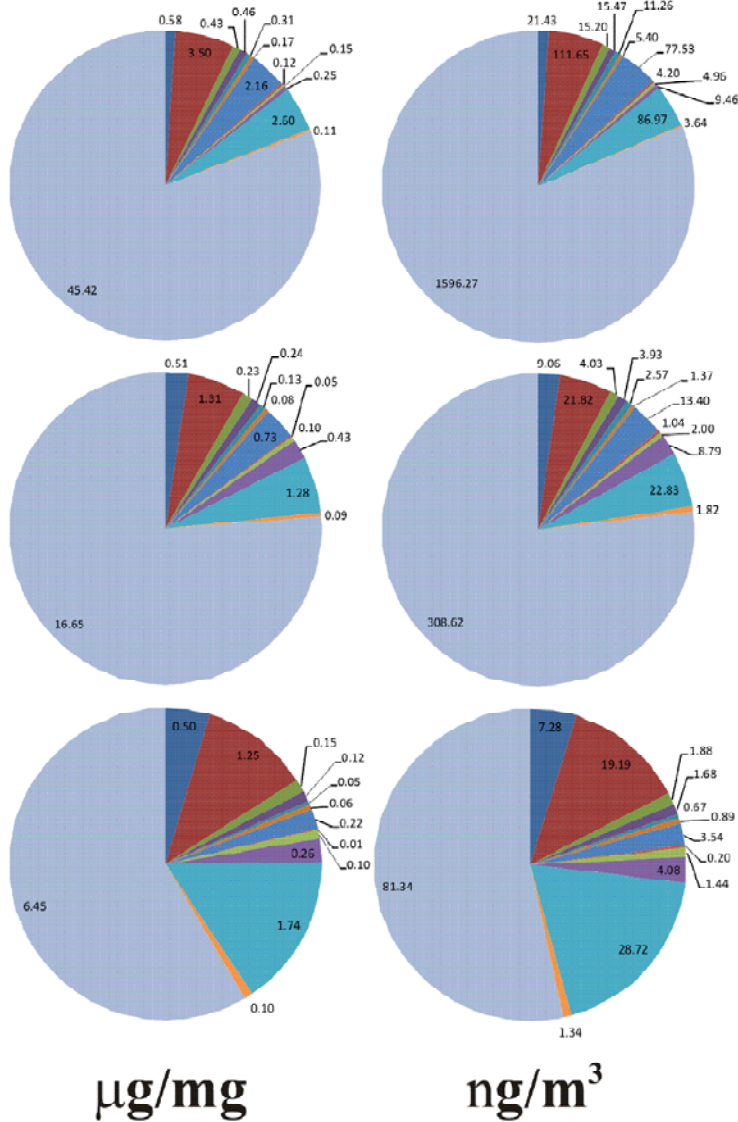
# Increments in roadside PM metals





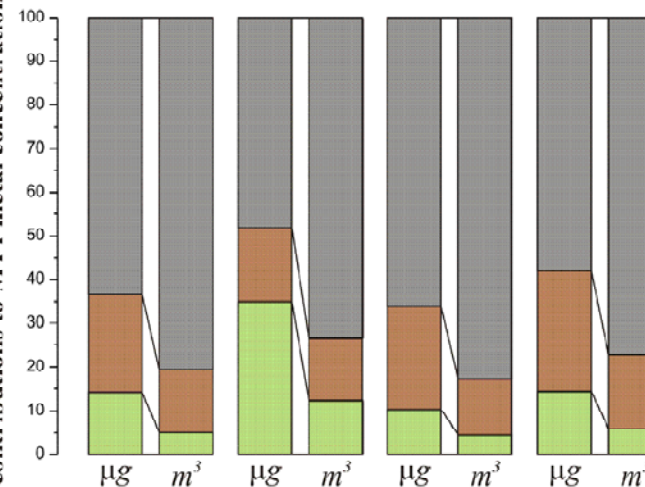
**A**

Al  
Ba  
Mn  
V  
Sb  
Cr  
Cu  
Mo  
Ni  
Pb  
Zn  
Sr  
Fe



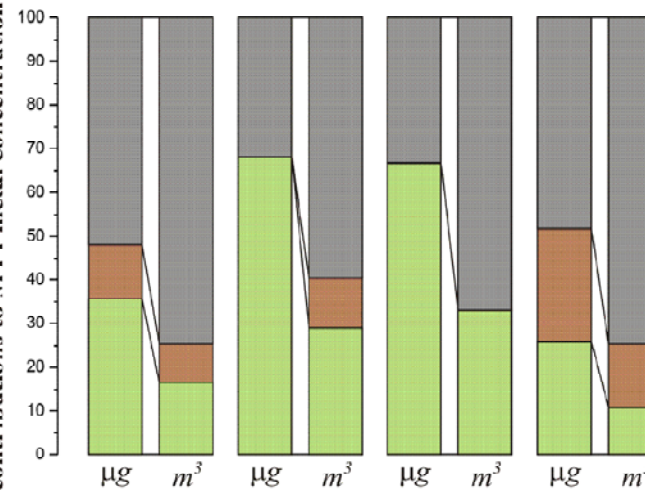
**B**

% Regional, urban and local roadside contributions to MY1 metal concentrations



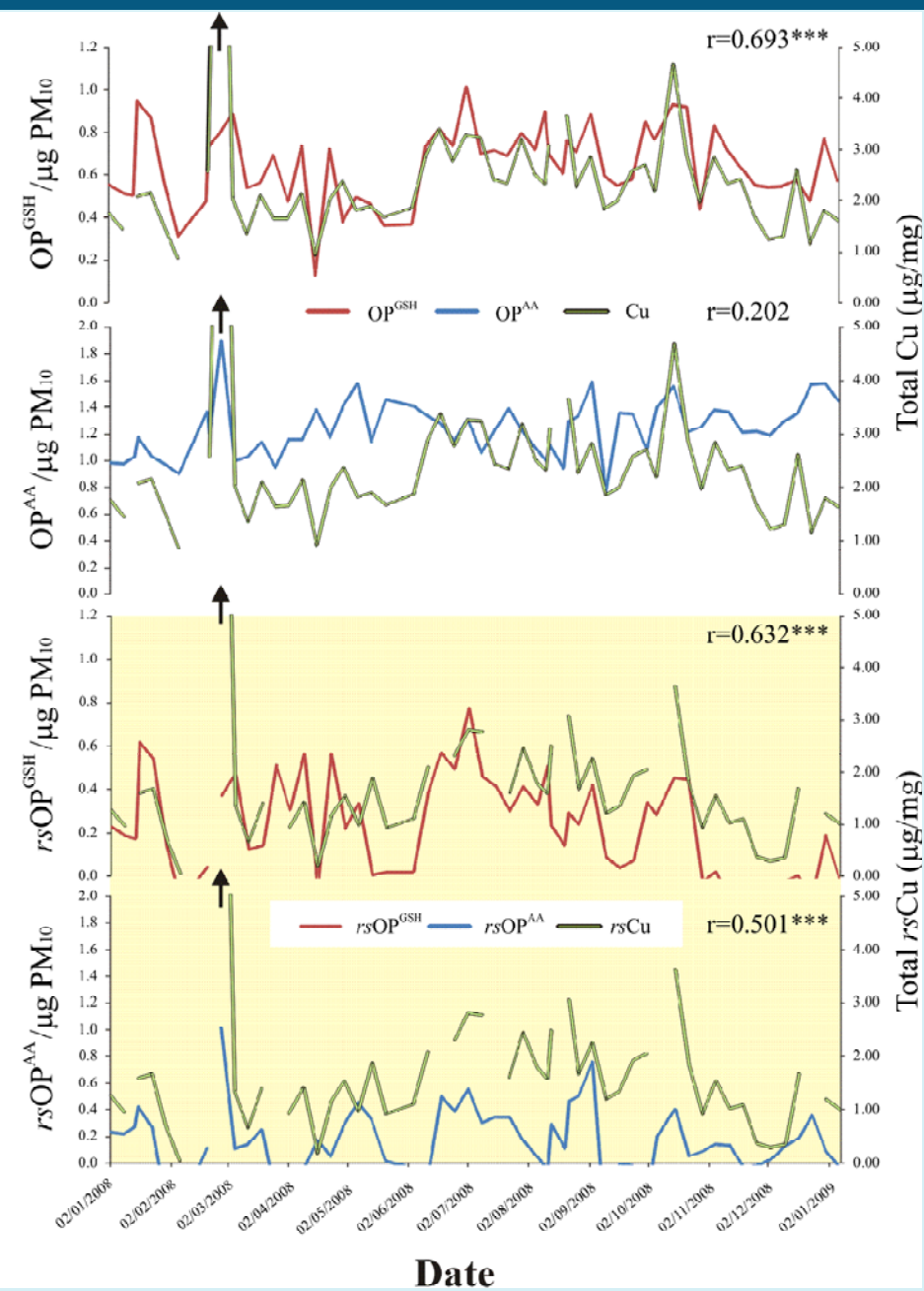
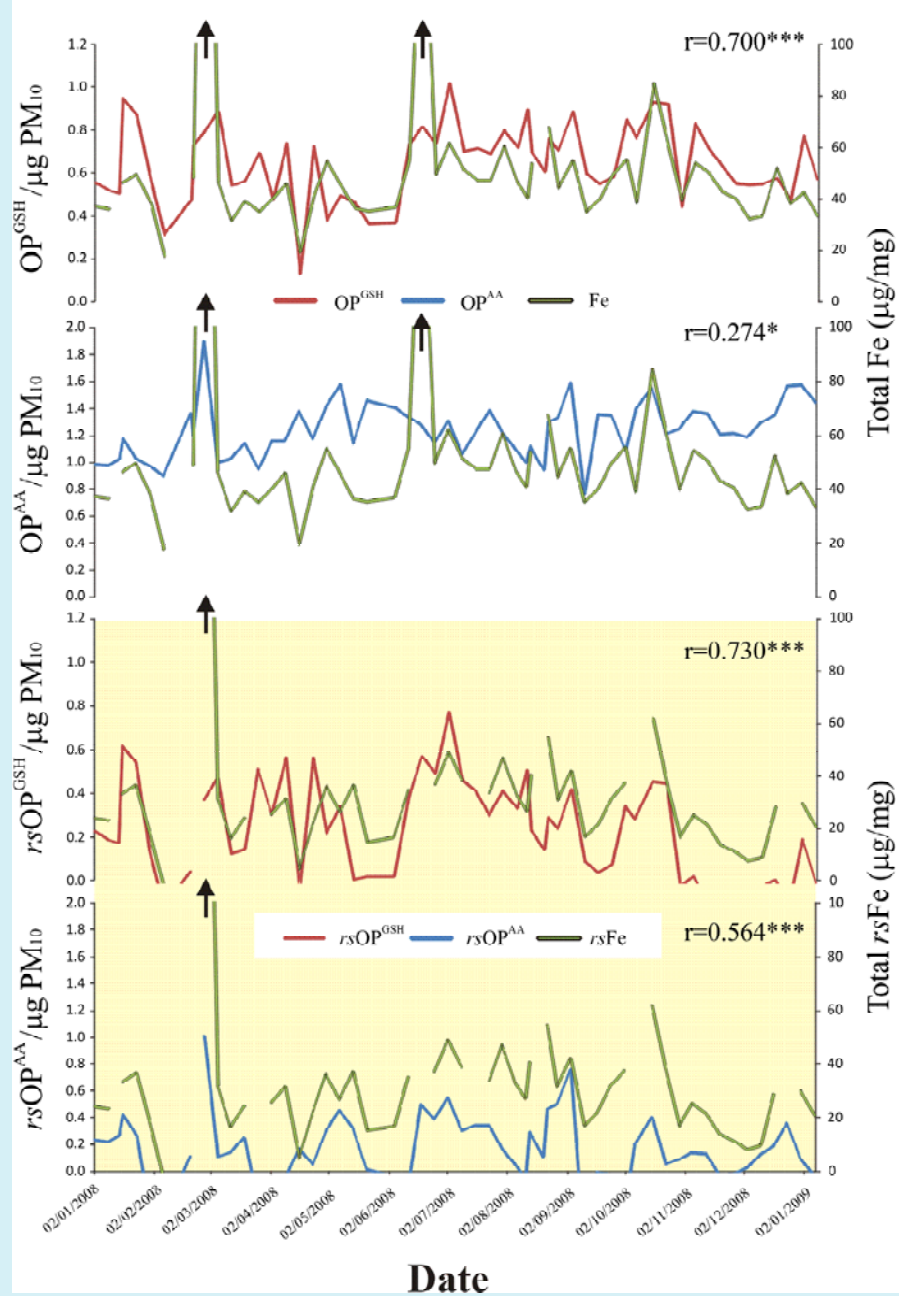
**C**

% Regional, urban and local roadside contributions to MY1 metal concentrations



Roadside increment  
 True city background  
 Regional background





# Conclusions

1. PM oxidative potential varies on both regionally and temporally. The observations we have made are robust and repeatable. There is a clear roadside increment.
2. There is a seasonal pattern to urban background  $OP^{GSH}$ , which correlates well with  $NO_x$  and the London specific PM fraction
3. The two OP metrics are sensitive to different sources, one regional (Cr, V, Ni) and one local (Cu, Fe, Sb) to roadside

# Acknowledgments

## **US Health Effect Institute funded component:**

Frank Kelly, H. Ross Anderson, Ben Armstrong, Richard Atkinson, Ben Barratt, Sean Beevers, Dick Derwent, David Green, Sean Duggan, Chrissi Dunster, and Paul Wilkinson

## **DEFRA funded component:**

David Green, Gary Fuller, Frank Kelly, Ben Barratt, Chrissi Dunster, and Cathryn Tonne.